# Jeongju Sohn

Assistant Professor

# **Research Interests**

Software Engineering, Search Based Software Engineering, Fault Localisation, Defect Prediction, Software Evolution, Code Change Analysis

## Education

- 2017.03 PhD. School of Computing, Korea Advanced Institute of Science and Technology 2021.08 (KAIST), Republic of Korea
- 2015.03 MSc. School of Computing, Korea Advanced Institute of Science and Technology 2017.02 (KAIST), Republic of Korea
- 2011.03 BSc. Computer Science and Engineering, Ewha Womans University, Republic 2015.02 of Korea

## Experience

- 2015.03 Database and Multimedia Lab, KAIST, Research on object-relational database 2016.01 management system specialised in big data analysis: application and evaluation of the ORDBMS in processing artificial web application queries
- 2016.01 Computational Intelligence for Software Engineering Lab, KAIST, Completed 2021.10 Master and Ph.D. Mainly worked on various topics of software debugging, especially on fault localization and defect prediction
- 2021.10 SerVal, SnT, University of Luxembourg, Joined Serval Group as a research 2024.02 associate since October, 2021. Mainly working on software evolution.
- 2024.03 -School of Computer Science and Engineering at Kyungpook National University, Appointed as an Assistant Professor in School of Computer Science and Engineering at Kyungpook National University

# Academic Service

Reviewer for Journal of Systems and Software (2), Information and Software Technology (4), international Transaction on Software Engineering and Methodology (9), Transactions on Software journals Engineering (4), Software Testing, Verification and Reliability (1), Empirical Software Engineering (10)

PC Member ESEC/FSE 2021 (Demonstrations track) RAISE 2021 ICSME 2021 (Artefact Evaluation) GECCO 2022, (GI Workshop) SCAM 2022, (RENE) ISSTA 2022, (Tool Demonstration) FSE 2022 (Student Research Competition) ISSTA 2023 (Tool Demonstration) ICDM-AIOPS worshop 2023 SSBSE 2023 GI@ICSE workshop 2023 ICSE 2024 GI@ICSE workshop 2024 ISSTA 2024

Program SSBSE 2022 (RENE/NIER) Chair ISSTA 2025 (Tool Demonstration)

### Publication

#### Journals

- Sohn, J., Kang, S., Yoo, S. (2023) Arachne: Search-Based Repair of Deep Neural Networks. ACM Trans. Softw. Eng. Methodol. 32, 4, Article 85, 26 pages
- Sohn, J. and Yoo, S. (2019). Empirical Evaluation of Fault Localisation Using Code and Change Metrics. IEEE Transactions on Software Engineering. 47, 8, 1605–1625.

#### Conferences

- Morita, I., Kashiwa, Y., Kondo, M., Sohn, J., McIntosh, S., Kamei,Y., Ubayashi, N., TraceJIT: Evaluating the Impact of Behavioral Code Change on JIT Defect Prediction, Proceedings of the IEEE 28th International Conference on Software Analysis, Evolution, and Reengineering. Rovaniemi, Finland
- Pei, Y., Sohn, J., Habchi, S., Papadakis, M. (2023) *Time-based Repair for Asyn*chronous Wait Flaky Tests in Web Testing, arXiv:2305.08592
- Sohn, J., Papadakis, M. (2022). CEMENT: On the use of Evolutionary Coupling between tests and code units. A case study on fault localization, Proceedings of the 33rd IEEE International Symposium on Software Reliability Engineering. Charlotte, North Carolina, USA
- Habchi, S., Haben, G., Sohn, J., Franci, A., Papadakis, M., Cordy, M., Traon, Y. (2022). What Made This Test Flake? Pinpointing Classes Responsible for Test Flakiness, Proceedings of the 38th IEEE International Conference on Software Maintenance and Evolution. Limassol, Cyprus
- An, G., Yoon, J., Sohn, J., Hong, J., Hwang, D., Yoo, S., (2022). Automatically Identifying Shared Root Causes of Test Breakages in SAP HANA, Proceedings of the IEEE/ACM 44th International Conference on Software Engineering: Software Engineering in Practice. (pp. 65-74). Pittsburgh, USA

- Sohn, J., An, G., Hong, J., Hwang., D, Yoo, S. (2021). Assisting Bug Report Assignment Using Automated Fault Localisation: An Industrial Case Study, Proceedings of the International Conference on Software Testing (pp. 284-294). Virtual
- Sohn, J., Kamei, Y., McIntosh, S., Yoo, S. (2021). Leveraging Fault Localisation to Enhance Defect Prediction, Proceedings of the IEEE 28th International Conference on Software Analysis, Evolution, and Reengineering (pp. 284-294). Virtual
- Sohn, J. (2020). Bridging Fault Localisation and Defect Prediction, Proceedings of the ACM/IEEE 42nd International Conference on Software Engineering: Companion Proceedings (pp. 214–217). Virtual
- Sohn, J. and Yoo, S. (2019). Why Train-and-Select When You Can Use Them All: Ensemble Model for Fault Localisation. Proceedings of the Genetic and Evolutionary Computation Conference (pp. 1408–1416). Prague, Czech
- Choi, K., Sohn, J., Yoo, S. (2018). Learning Fault Localisation for Both Humans and Machines using Multi-Objective GP. Proceedings of the 10th International Symposium on Search Based Software Engineering (pp. 349-355). Montpellier, France
- Kang, D., Sohn, J., Yoo, S. (2017). Empirical evaluation of conditional operators in GP based fault localization. Proceedings of the Genetic and Evolutionary Computation Conference (pp.1295–1302). Berlin, Germany
- Sohn, J., Yoo, S. (2017). FLUCCS: Using Code and Change Metrics to Improve Fault Localization. Proceeding of the 2017 International Symposium on Softare Testing and Analysis (pp. 273–283). Santa Barbara, CA, USA
- Sohn, J., Lee, S., Yoo, S. (2016). Amortised Deep Parameter Optimisation of GPGPU Work Group Size for OpenCV. Search-Based Software Engineering. Springer International Publishing (pp. 211–217). Raleigh, NC, USA

Workshops

• Pei, Y., Habchi. S., Rwemalika, R., Sohn, J., Papadakis, M. (2022). An empirical study of async wait flakiness in front-end testing, 21st Belgium-Netherlands Software Evolution Workshop

# Ongoing and Future (\*) Projects

Co-evolution

UNITE: Considering fault localisation and fault prediction as pre- and post-identification of Unified Fault faults before the detection, integrate these two into a holistic fault identification Identification framework for evolving software systems. The project will establish and leverage the through Test co-evolution of test and code elements to connect fault-identification activities in the and Code past and present, aiming to improve overall software quality through simultaneous interactions between these identification activities. This project was submitted and recently accepted at the CORE JUNIOR track.

Explainable Using Large Language Models to automatically generate an explanation of why a Debugging given failure occurs in natural language by exploiting past relevant changes and issues in addition to the current failure information.

Latent Latent mutants are the mutants dormant at the time of introduction but later Mutant revealed in the project timeline by new failing tests. We investigate the frequency and characteristics of latent mutants, building a simple prediction model. We further explore the potential benefit of predicting these mutants, e.g., technical debt reduction.

Robust Identifying robust locators in web test cases using the change rate of locators based Locators of on their past evolution history. The project further aims to automatically synthesise Web Test robust locators by analysing the patterns of the identified locators.

Cases

Relevant Identifying a set of mutants that are likley to be relevant (i.e., valuable) for a given Mutant code snippet, for instance, those that can reveal hidden bugs in the code, without Identification any exeuction. The objective is to reduce the cost of mutation testing.

# Past Projects

- FLUCCS Using code and change metrics that have been widely studied in the context of defect prediction to improve the accuracy of fault localisation. The main goal of FLUCCS is finding the connections between defect prediction and fault localisation, which could benefit both tasks.
  - FL2DP Leveraging fault localisation to improve defect prediction. FL2DP, which stands for Fault Localisation to Defect Prediction, aims to enhance Just-In-Time defect prediction by exploiting the insights about defective code from past fault localisation.
- with SAP Industrial case study of applying existing fault localisation techniques to aid the Labs Korea bug report assignment phase in the Continuous Integration (CI) pipe-line of SAP HANA2 Database. Collaboration with SAP Labs Korea.
  - EMF Using ensemble learning to improve the performance of learn-to-rank algorithmbased fault localisation against a wider range of faults. The main goal of EMF is to overcome the limitation of a single ranking model that can be overfitted to a certain set of faults by aggregating the results of multiple ranking models.
- with NSRI Classifying abnormal flows in network by exploiting contextual information in the flow using Long Short-term Memory. Collaboration with National Security Research Institute (NSRI), Korea.
  - Sherlock Identifying the root cause of flaky tests using Spectrum-Based Fault Localisation
  - Arachne Search-based repair of deep neural network. Compared to previous automatic DNN repair techniques, Arachne targets to repair a specific type of faults of a DNN model (e.g., classify input A to B) at the minimised expense of initially correct behaviour without requiring additional data. Arachne can be effective in situations where some misbehaviour of a DNN model must be fixed even at the cost of breaking other less critical behaviour.
- CEMENT Mining evolutionary couplings between test and code association by analysing how the software has evolved. The main objective of this project is to mine the general association between test and code, which describes their evolutionary coupling, and apply this association to various software debugging tasks.

Automated Asynchronous wait is one of the most frequent causes of flaky test failures. In this Repair of project, we aim to automatically identify and repair the root cause of async wait Async Wait flaky test failures, going beyond simply generating hot-fixes for them. flakiness